ALK-88 Optical Fiber Fusion Splicer

Instruction Manual

Catalogue

Warnings and Safety Precautions

This product is designed for splicing glass optical fibers used for communication and it is strictly forbidden to splice other substances. Mis-operations can cause electric shock, fire or personal injury. Please carefully read and observe the following rules for your own safety.

Warnings:

(1) Use the power supply unit provided by this product mix . Do not use other power adapter, battery or power line. Do not use this product under other voltages so as not to cause fire or electric shock.

(2) Don't let liquid such as water or metal material drop into the equipment, otherwise   it may cause fire, electric shock or equipment breakdown. Stop using the equipment, unplug the battery socket and contact our maintenance staff once any of the above situation happens.

(3) Must not use the fusion splicer under combustible or explosive environment , otherwise it may cause fire or explosion.

(4) Do not touch the electrodes when the fusion splicer is operating which may cause injury by high voltage generated by arc of electrodes. Ensure that the power is off and the power line has been unpluged when replacing the electrodes.

(5) Once smoking, bad smell or abnormal noise occurs, stop using the fusion splicer

immediately, unplug the power plug and contact our maintenance staff. Continue using may cause fire, electric shock or equipment breakdown.

(6) Disassembling or reassembling the fusion splicer, reassembling the battery or power adapter is prohibited to avoid over-heating, burst or fire.

(7) Please strictly follow the operation manual on how to use the battery. Wrong operations can cause battery over-heating, burst or explosion leading to fire or personal injury.

*Please don't use other methods beyond this manual to charge the battery;

*Please don't throw the battery into fire;

*Please don't connect positive and negative electrodes with reverse interfaces;

*Please don't charge or discharge under high temperature, fire or directly sunlight;

*Please don't throw or strike battery;

*If the battery electrolyte leaks out, handle it carefully. If the spill contacts skin or eyes inadvertently, you must thoroughly clean and immediately take medical treatment, at the same time inform repair department to process the battery.

(8) Optical fiber fusion splicer must be repaired and debugged by professional. Incorrect repair may cause fire or electrical shock. If a failure occurs, please contact our repair department.

Attention:

(1) Don't use or store Optical fiber fusion splicer in high temperature and under highly humid environment otherwise it may cause damage to the equipment.

(2) Don't touch the heat shrinkable sleeve in the process of heating or just after heating, for the high temperature may cause ambustion.

(3) Don't touch the equipment with wet hand, AC power line or AC plug, otherwise it may cause electric shock.

(4) Don't use any other chemical except alcohol to clean the microscope lens, V-groove or monitor, it may lead to blurred images or stains, even cause corrosion and damage of equipment.

(5) Please take appropriate dustproof measures when the equipment is operated under dusty environment so as to avoid dust from entering the interior of the equipment and cause breakdown.

(6) Avoid the equipment from strong vibration and impact, it may cause equipment damage. Please transport or store the equipment in specified carrying case.

Chapter1 Brief Introduction of the Product

This chapter introduces the performance of the equipment in details. Reading through this section can help you understand this product and familiarize the product features, technical parameters and the operating environment.

1.1 Prouct Introduction

HH-99A optical fiber fusion splicer is a mini fiber splicing equipment which is compactly designed, easy to carry and operation. It has vivid and exquisite image-forming system and high precision image processing technology on fiber alignment which leads to its high proficiency in splicing and low loss. Its beautiful operation interface and body design which conforms to operation principle of ergonomics greatly improve user experience. It is equipped with large capacity lithium battery which provides reliable guarantee for a long time fieldwork. In summary, HH-99A is a totally automatic small, light and beautiful Optical fiber fusion splicer with high performance, high safety, low power consumption and can be easily operated.

1.2 Product Features and Technical Index

1.2.1 Features

(1) Based on the principle of PAS（Lateral Projection System）, adopt advanced image detection algorithm;

(2) Double core align structure, higher success rate of fusion and lower loss;

(3) Adopt 4.3 inches 16:9 TFT colorized LCD screen;

(4) Typical fusion time: 7sec;

(5) Typical heating time: 25 sec standard, is adjustable (FP-03 60mm);

(6) Reliability design, strengthen shockproof, dustproof and other functions;

(7) Low power consumption design makes it possible to work long time with many

 functions operate at the same time;

(8) Multi-functional, small-sized, portable, can greatly improve working efficiency;

(9) Can detect the air pressure, temperature and humidity and other environmental

factors and automatically calibrate arc.

1.2.2 Technology Indexes

Table 1-1 Main technical indexes

Applicable Optical Fiber Types	SM(Single mode), MM(Multi-mode), DS(Dispersion shift), NZDS(Non zero dispersion shift)
Applicable Optical Fiber Core Number	Single core
Applicable Optical Fiber Diameter	Cladding diameter:125μm,Coating diameter:250～900μm

Fusion splice Model	Prestore:40 groups, User define: 80 groups
Average Fusion Splice Loss	0.03dB(SM), 0.02dB(MM), 0.06dB(DS), 0.06dB(NZDS)
Alignment	Both core alignment and c ladding alignment
Echo Loss	Better than 60dB
Fusion splice Duration Time	7sec(typical parameter)
Loss Estimation of Fusion Splice	Exist
Tension Test	2N
Monitor	4.3 inches colorized LCD, English and Chinese caption.
Optical Fiber Magnification Times	X/Y:115 times, X or Y:230 times
Power Supply	11.1V Lithium battery, 13.5V/5A power adapter, 12V power source available on the car
Battery	Typically work 180 times(Fusion splicing / Heating), Single battery charge 3Hour，can be recycled 500 times
Splice Results Storage	5000 groups of the latest records

Data Interface	USB2.0
Operating Environment	Elevation:0~4000m, Relative humidity:0~95%,Temperature:-10℃~55℃，Maximum wind speed:12m/s
Storage Environment	Relative humidity:0~95%, Temperature:-40℃~80℃ (Except Battery), Temperature:-10℃~30℃ (Battery)
Weight of the Equipment	1.6kg(Exclude battery), 1.8kg(Include battery)
Size	150L×130W×128H(mm)

Table 1-2 Tube Heater

Applicable Optical Fiber Cable Diameter	250μm, 900μm, 2~3mm
Applicable Sleeve Length	60mm，40mm(FP-03)
Heating time	35sec(60mm)，28sec(40mm)
Heating temperature	120~160℃

1.3　Standard Assembly of Fusion Splicer

Table 1-3　　Standard Package

Serial Number	Description	Diagrammatic Sketch	Quantity
1	ALK-88 Optical Fiber Fusion Splicer		1
2	Power Adapter		1
3	AC Power Line		1
4	Vehicle-mounted 12V Chargeable Power Line		1
5	Backup Electrode Bar		1
6	Cooling Tray		1

7	Carrying Bag		1
8	Miller Pincers		1
9	Stripper		1
10	Optical Fiber Clamp		7
11	Dust- Blowing Ball With brush		1
12	Instruction Manual	-	1

1.4 Introduce of Fusion Splicer

1.4.1 Host of Fusion Splicer

Figure 1-1 Host Machine View

1.4.2 Keyboard

Figure 1-2 Keyboard View

Table 1-4 Keyboard Function Descriptions

Keyboard Icon	Name	Function
	Power key	Power on / off
	Sleeve heating Key	Start sleeve heating
	Exit Key / switch key of XY field of view	Return to previous menu、field X, Y switch in Optical fiber mode
	Menu/Confirm	Enter menu、Press an enter key on the menu
	Reset key	Equipment reset
	Start Key	Start alignment、Start fusion splicing
	Up key	Menu cursor moves upward
	Down key	Menu cursor moves downward
	Left key	Menu cursor moves to the left、reset the current option

		Menu cursor moves to the
▶	**Right key**	right、reset the current option

1.4.3 Optical Fiber Fusion Splicer Device

Electrode Bar

Electrode Cover

Wind Protector

Microscope

V-groove

Clamp slot

Fiber Presser Foot

Figure 1-3 Optical Fiber Fusion Splicer Structure

1.4.4 Tube Heater

Clamp

Heater Plate

Cover Plate

Figure 1-4 Tube Heater Structure

1.4.5 External Interface

power port

USB port

Figure 1-5 External Interface

Chapter2 Basic Operation

This chapter describes the fusion splicer's basic operation methods. Read this chapter in detail. It can help you use the splicer correctly, avoid damage and causing abnormal problems.

2.1 Power Supply

This product can be charged by the following two power supply modes:

(1) Internal lithium battery (with no external power adapter inserted) .

(2) External power adapter (with external power adapter inserted) .

Attention: please use the supporting power adapter of this product. Using other adapters can cause anomaly of the equipment.

2.1.1 Power Supply by External Power Adapter

The input of adapter: 100-240V,1.4A ,50/60HZ. The output of adapter: 13.5V, 5A. Please use this product's supporting power adapter. Insert the adapter's DC output line into the fusion splicer's external power interface. The Indicating icon at top right corner of the monitor will change from " " into " ". If the battery pack has already been installed in the fusion splicer, the adapter will charge the battery pack while supply power for the splicer.

2.1.2 Power Supply

(1) Battery electric capacity indication

The remaining capacity percentage will be shown at top right corner of the monitor, as shown in Figure 2-1.

Figure 2-1 Show the Remaining Battery Capacity

(2) Battery Charge

When connected with exterior adapter, the battery pack will be charged. The charging time varies with the remaining capacity. The longest charging time is 3 hours.

(3) Battery alarm

When the remaining capacity of the battery pack is lower than 10% or it is unable to guarantee the normal work of the fusion splicer, it will show alarm information on the monitor. Users shall immediate charge it or use adapter to supply power.

(4) Warnings

When using the battery pack, follow the instructions below.

a. Please charge fully for the first use.

b. Please check the battery capacity before use. If the battery capacity is low or it has shown under-voltage alarm, please charge immediately.

c. Please do not charge or store battery pack under high temperature or direct sunlight in order to avoid aging.

d. Please charge the battery fully for long time storage.

e. Battery pack is easily depleted. Repeated charge and discharge will make the charging ability of it decreased. When the battery is full of electricity but can only be used for short time, it is time to replace with designated type of battery timely.

2.2 Startup and Shutdown

To start the equipment, press the power button " ⏻ ". The power LED on the operation panel will turn red and the buzzer will buzz. The monitor showcases the fiber observation interface after all motors are reset to their initial positions, as shown in Figure 2-2. Then the power supply mode will be automatically recognized. If you use battery pack for power supply, the interface will showcase its remaining power. The monitor will indicate abnormality information if it finds out that the system is abnormal when start the equipment.

When shutdown, press the power button " ⏻ " for a few seconds until the power LED and screen turn off.

Figure 2-2 Fiber Observation Interface

2.3 Menu Introduction

Press the Menu button " ⊕ " to enter the main menu, as shown in Figure 2-3.

Please view Table 2-1 for detailed information.

Figure 2-3 Function Menu

Table 2-1 Function Menu Descriptions

Function Menu	Descriptions
Function	Set the parameters of heat stripping, sleeve heating and arc calibration modes
Splice	Set the parameters of splice mode
Maintenance	Electrode maintenance , etc
System	Set the display parameter, system language & time, restore to initial settings, etc
History	Record arc times, splice results, etc
Help	Provide key operation manual

2.4 System and Function Settings
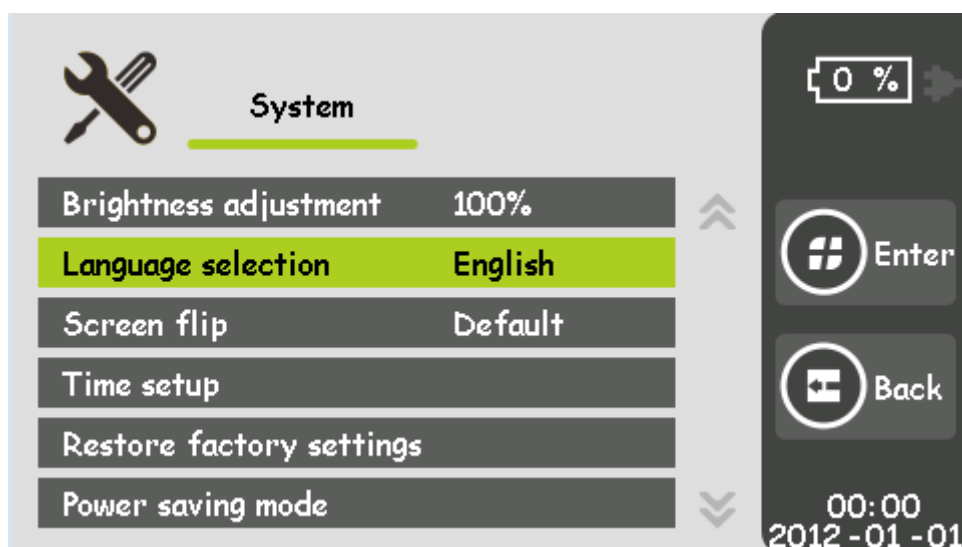
Figure 2-4 System Setting Menu

Table 2-2 System Settings Menu Descriptions

System Settings	Descriptions
Brightness Adjustment	Adjust the brightness of monitor
Language Selection	Chinese and English caption are both provided
Screen Flip	Monitor interface can be rotated 180 °to showcase in the reverse direction
Time Setup	Set system time, year, month, hour, minute
Restore Factory Settings	Restore all parameters to initial settings
Power Saving Mode	Set automatic dormancy or shutdown
Silence Mode	Turn up or down the buzzer
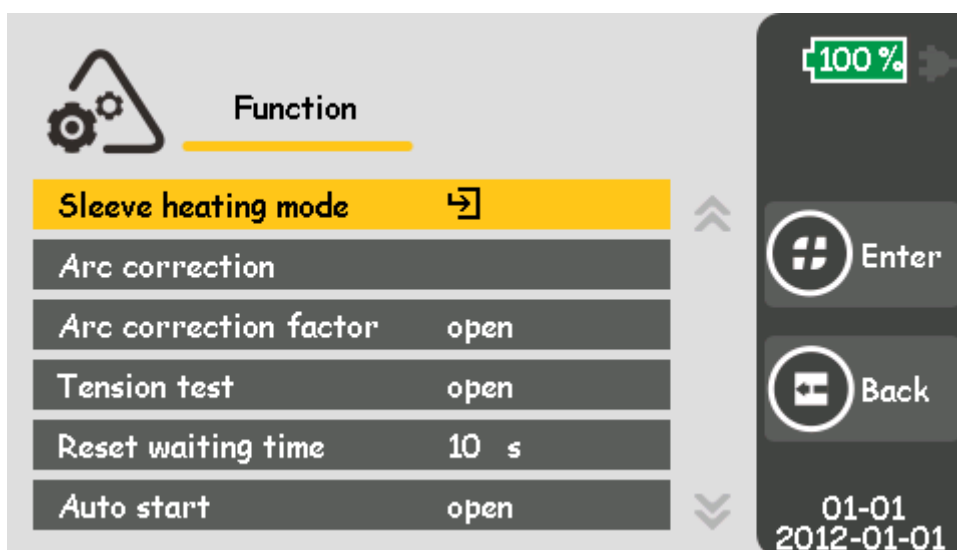
Figure 2-5 Function Settings Menu

Table 2-3 Function Descriptions

Function Settings	Descriptions
Sleeve heating mode	Set the sleeve heating time, typical heating time 35 seconds (60mm), 28 seconds (40mm)
Arc Calibration	Automatically adjust the arc current
Arc Calibration Factor	If this factor is set "Open", the latter current will be used to fusion splice
Tension Test	If this is set "Open", after splice is completed, the equipment will restore and tension test will perform itself
Reset Waiting Time	If the Tension test is set "close", the system will restore the equipment after the waiting time is over
Auto Start	If the Cover is set "open", it will perform slice itself when the cover is lidded.

2.5 Preparations Before Splice

2.5.1 Stripping Fiber's Other Protective Layers Outside the Coating Layer

Clean the fiber (100mm from the tail) cotton dipped with alcohol. If it is butterflied fiber, it needs a butterflied fiber pincers to strip outer coating 40mm from its tip, as shown in Figure 2-6. Protective Layers of Other kinds of fiber can be stripped by miller pincers and scissors, as shown in Figure 2-7.

Figure 2-6 Butterflied Fiber Strip
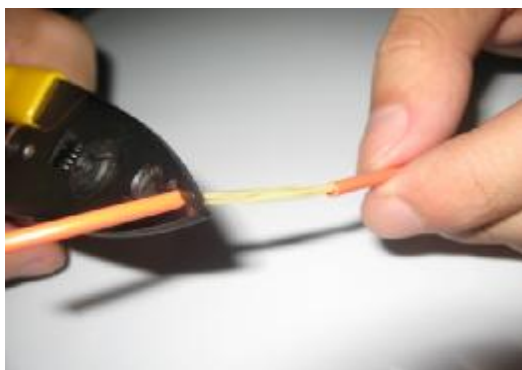
(a) Strip external plastic layer with miller   (b) Cut off the wool with scissors

pincers

(c) Strip Internal plastic layer with miller pincers
(d) Strip the only one plastic layer with miller pincers

Figure 2-7 Single Core Fiber Strip

2.5.2 Placing Protection Sleeve Over Fiber

The sleeve is used to protect the junction after splice. Before installation, make sure there is no dirt inside the sleeve and keep the sleeve straight with optical fiber, as shown in Figure 2-8.

Figure 2-8 Placing Protection Sleeve

2.5.3 Strip and Clean Outer Coating of Fiber

(1) Strip outer coating 30mm from its tip with a stripping pincers, as shown in Figure 2-9 and 2-10. After stripping place fiber into the clamp slot and keep 30mm of the fiber outside the clamp.
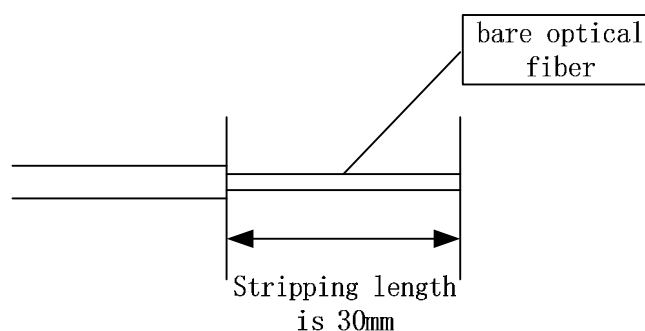

Figure 2-9 Stripping Length of Coating Layer
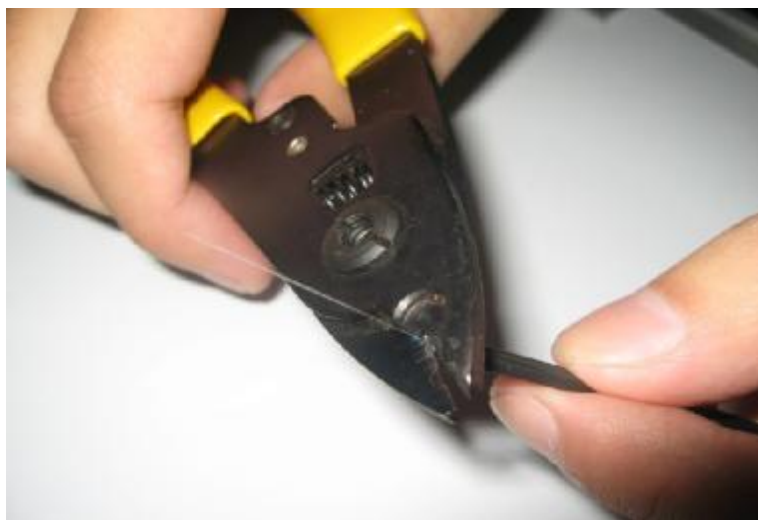
Figure 2-10 Manual Stripping

(2) After manual stripping, clean scrap of the coating layer by circulating the fiber using cotton dipped with high purity alcohol starting from the interface of coating layer and bare fiber as shown in figure 2-11.

Figure 2-11 Clean Fiber

2.5.4 Fiber Cleaving **(it's better to equitp** ALK-66A)

(1) Open the Cleaver cover and place the fiber with clamp into the cleaving slot and keep the optical fiber vertical with the cleaver surface.

(2) Press forward the fiber clamp and ensure the forefront of the clamp lies closely with the cleaving slot. If not, the fiber can be longer than expected.

(3) Press down the fiber cover to cleave.

(4) Open the cover and take away the cleaved fiber.

(5) Take out the scrap and put into scrap box.

Attention: When cutting head face is not qualified or the cleaving cannot be down, please adjust the blade of cleaver.

2.5.5 Place Optical Fiber

(1) Open windproof cover to check whether the v-groove is clean or not. If not ,

cleaning shall be down. Refer to chapter 3.4.1.

(2) Place cleaved fiber(with clamp) into both-sided clamp slot and ensure it is in the

v-groove, as shown in Figure 2-12.

Figure 2-12 Fiber-Place

(3) Observe whether the fiber head face is between the electrode tip and the

v-groove and near the electrodes; if not, Remake fiber.

(4) Press the windproof cover lightly.

2.6   Fusion Splicing

2.6.1   Select Splice Program and Set Splice Parameters

(1) The splice program selection menu is shown in Figure 2-13(a) (b). Users can choose from the 40 factory preset groups of splice program and set up and store their own 80 groups of splice program.

(a)

(b)

23
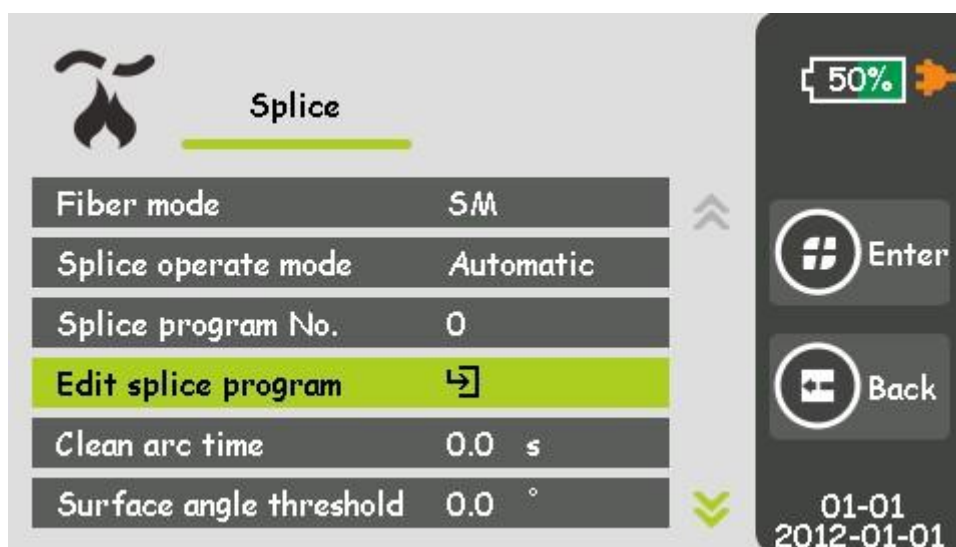
Figure 2-13 (a),(b)Splice mode menu

Table 2-4 Splice Mode Descriptions

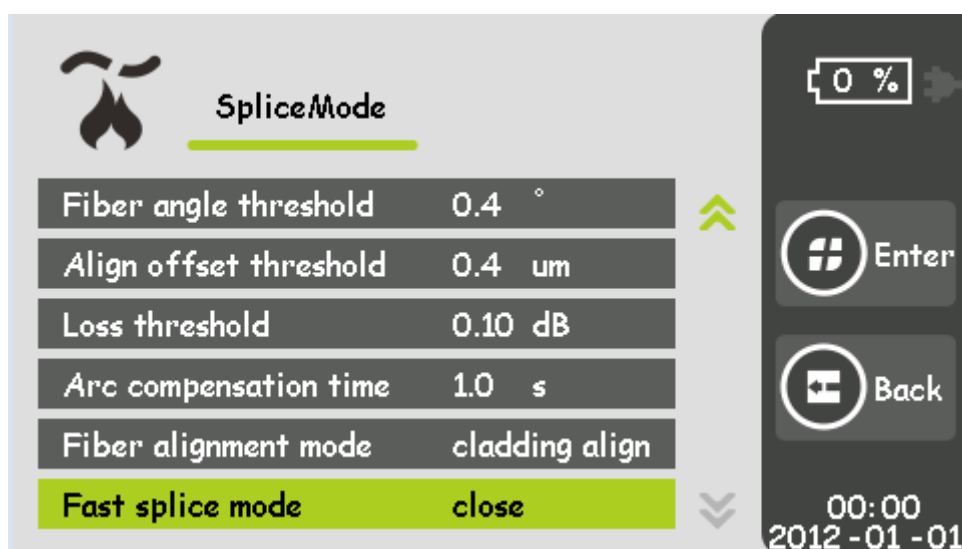| Splice mode	Description
Fiber Mode	Set according to the type of fiber used such as SM(single mode), MM (Multimode), DS(Dispersion shifted), NZDS(Non-zero dispersion shifted). Each fiber preset 10 groups of splice program. Users can choose corresponding one based on fiber type
Splice Operate Mode	Automatic or Manual
Splice Program	40 groups preset splice program, 80 groups of users-set splice program
Edit Splice Program	Edit splice parameters under the current number of program, as shown in figure 2-17
Cleaning Arc Time	Cleaning Arc means cleaning exquisite dust on the fiber surface by short-time arc.The duration ranges from 0 to1 second
Surface Angle Threshold	An error message is displayed if the head

	face angle of either left or right side of fiber exceeds the limit. The setting range is 0-5°
Fiber Angle Threshold	An error message is displayed if the clamp angle of the two fibers spliced exceeds the angel Limit. The setting range is 0-4°
Align Offset Threshold	An error message is displayed if the misalignment of the two fibers spliced exceeds the misalignment limit. The setting range is 0.0-1.5 μm
Loss Threshold	An error message is displayed if the estimated splice loss exceeds the loss limit. The setting range is 0-0.2db
Arc Compensation Time	Splice loss may be improved by compensative arc in some cases
Fiber Alignment Mode	Cladding align or core align can be set
Fast Splice Mode	It can be set "Open" or "Close" which can accelerate alignment

(2) Select 【Edit Splice Program】 in the menu of 【Splice】, splice parameters are shown in Figure 2-14.
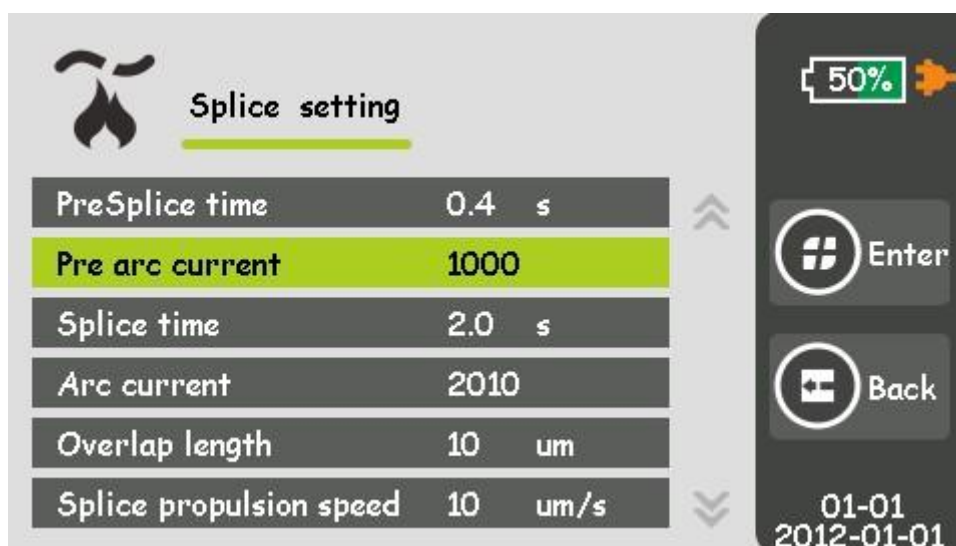
(a)
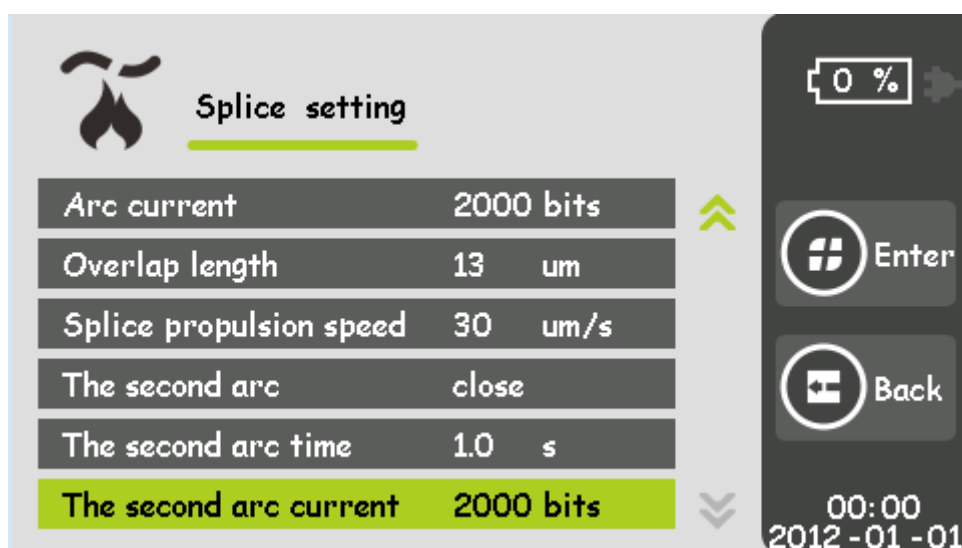
(b)

Figure2-14 Splice Parameters Menu

Table 2-5 Splice Parameters Description

Splice Parameters	Descriptions
Pre-splice Time	Set Pre-splice time
Pre-splice Current	Set Pre-splice current

Splice Time	Set splice time
Arc Current	Set splice current
Overlap Length	Set the overlaps of fiber when splice is operated
Splice Propulsion Speed	Set propulsion speed when fibers are spliced
The Second Arc	Close or open the second arc
The Second Arc Time	Set the second arc time
The Second Arc Current	Set the second arc current

2.6.2 Automatic Alignment and Head-face Inspection

This product uses an image processing system to observe the optical fiber in order to ensure good splicing. However, in some cases, the image processing system may not find out splice error. Therefore, it needs conducting visual inspection of the fiber through monitor to obtain good splice results.

Click the Start button "", the fiber enters automatic alignment process and the left and right optical fiber start to do opposite movement. After cleaning arc, the system will automatically check the fiber head face. If the fiber head face is too bad to splice, the monitor displays an error message. If the fiber head face is good, alignment continues. After fiber alignment, the monitor shows angles of the left and right head face. An error message is displayed if the cleave angle of either left or right fiber ends exceeds the angle limit. Then users need to re-cleave optical fiber.

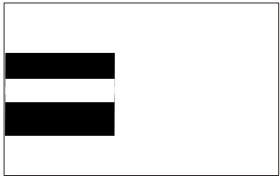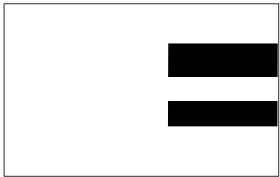Attention: Cleave Limit and Misalignment limit could be set in the 【Splice Mode】 menu.
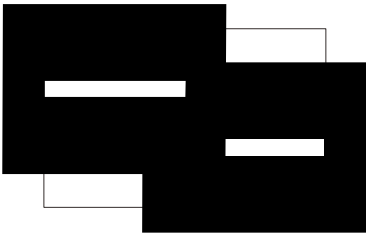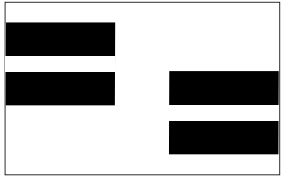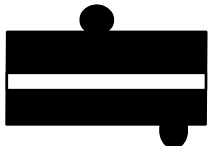
When it shows images and messages as shown in Table 2-6 in the process of at automatic alignment, the equipment will be reset automatically. Users can also press reset button "⊚" to reset equipment and re-cleave or re-place optical fiber.

Table 2-6 Abnormal Alignment Note

Images(X/Y axis)	Message	Possible Reason	Measure
	The right fiber placement is incorrect	Right optical fiber is not placed in the V-groove, or too short	Replace or re-cleave optical fiber
	The left fiber placement is incorrect	Left optical fiber is not placed in the V-groove, or too short	Replace or re-cleave optical fiber
	Abnormal alignment	Left or right Fiber is not placed in the V-groove	Replace or re-cleave optical fiber

	Replace fiber	left or right fiber is cleaved too short	Place or re-cleave optical fiber
	Replace fiber	left or right fiber is cleaved too long	Replace or re-cleave optical fiber
	Optical fiber head face angle is not proper	Problems occur in the process of cutting (spurs, burrs, beveled, concave core)	re-cleave optical fiber
	Optical fiber is not available	Dust on fiber surface	Re-clean and replace optical fiber

2.6.3 Arc Splice

After fiber alignment, the monitor will display the message "alignment is OK". At this time you can press the start key "⊙" to splice fiber, or press the reset button to reset equipment. If it is set to automatically splice, no press is needed.

2.6.4 Splice Loss Estimation and Quality Assessment

When fiber splice is completed, the loss estimated amount will be displayed on the right side of the monitor. If fiber splice is abnormal, such as: too thick, too thin, separated, bubbles-containing, with thin line, etc. An error message will be displayed on the monitor and users need to re-splice or re-arc. If there is no error, but the splice effect observed through the monitor is not good, it is recommended that users re-splice. Note that sometimes the splice point looks thicker than the rest, but it is normal which does not affect splice loss.
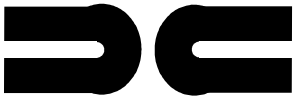
If effect of fiber splice is normal, but fiber splice loss exceeds the limit amount, an error message will be displayed on the monitor. The limit amount of loss can be set in 【Splice Mode】.

In some cases, compensative arc may improve splice loss. When splice is completed, press the start key " 〇 " to re-arc. After re-arc, the system will re-detect optical fiber to estimate splice loss and determine whether it is reasonable.

Abnormal splice or high loss estimate phenomena and solutions are shown in table 2-7.

Table 2-7 Abnormal Splice Descriptions

Phenomena	Reason	Solutions
Fiber core axis mismatch	(1) Dust on V-groove or fiber presser foot (2) Image detection	(1) Clean V-groove and fiber presser foot (2) If it appears

	problem	repeatedly, users need to do 【Calibrate System】 (3) Clean the lens and light source
fiber core angle error	(1) Dust on V-groove or fiber presser foot (2) Poor fiber head face angle (3) Fiber is placed incorrectly	(1) Clean V-groove and fiber presser foot (2) Re-cleave fiber (3) Replace fiber
Bubbles	(1) Poor fiber head face angle (2) Dust on Fiber head face (3) Low Pre-splice current or short-time pre-splice (4) Low splice current or short-time arc	(1) Re-cleave fiber (2) Re-clean fiber (3) Increase 【Pre-splice Current】 or【Pre-splice Time】 (4) Increase 【Splice Current】 or 【Splice Time】
Fiber Separation	(1) Splice propulsion force is not enough (2) Splice propulsion is too	(1) Do 【Calibrate System】 (2) Decrease 【Pre-splice

	slow. (3) Spice current is too high or arc time is too long	Current】or 【Pre-splice Time】
 thick	The splice propulsion force is excessive	Decrease 【Overlap Length】,then do 【Arc Calibration】test
 thin	(1) The splice propulsion force is not enough (2) Splice current is excessive	(1) Increase 【Overlap Length】,then do 【Arc Calibration】test (2) Decrease 【Splice Current】
 line	Splice current is too small	Increase 【Splice Current】

2.7 Tension Test

If 【tension test】is set "ON", after splicing, tension test will automatically be performed and the pulling force is 2N after splice. Menu operation is shown in Figure 2-15.
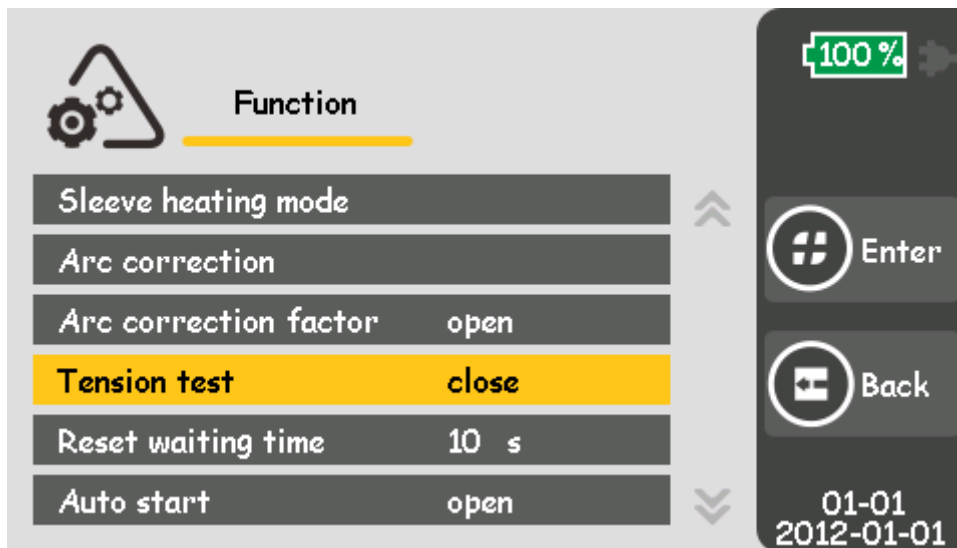
Figure 2-15 Tension Test

2.8 Splice Results Storage and Query
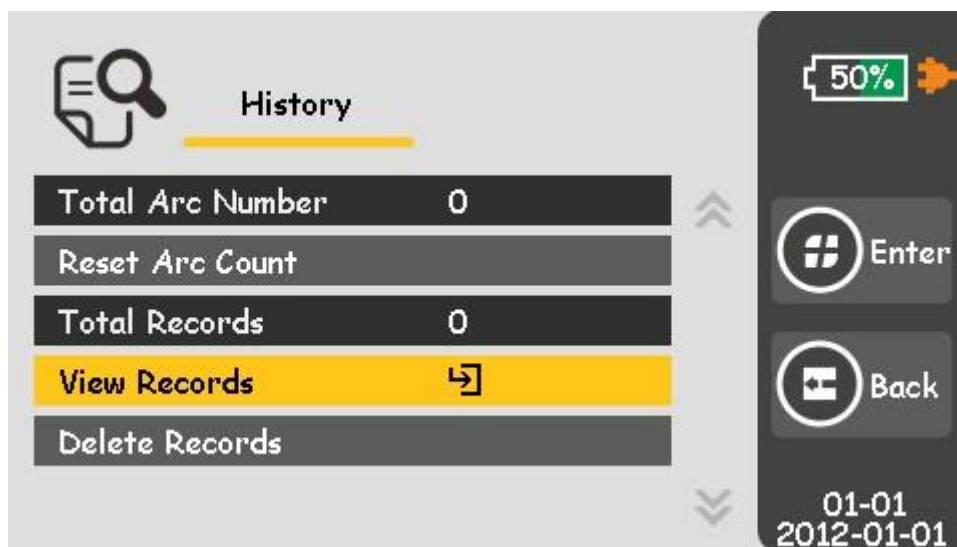
Figure 2-16 History Records Menu

Table 2-8 History Records Descriptions

History Records	Descriptions
Total Arc Number	Electrodes arc times since the last record is eliminated
Reset Arc Count	Eliminate arc times after electrodes are replaced
Total Records	The splice records having been stored by system
View Records	3000 groups of the latest splice records can be viewed. Users could query the splice parameters and results
Delete Records	Delete all splice records
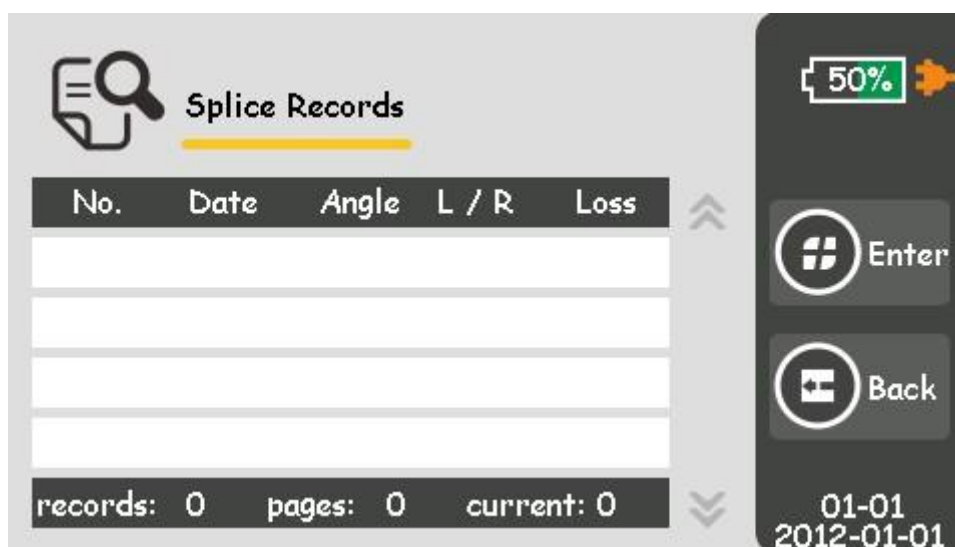
Figure 2-17 Splice Records

2.9   Heating Protection Sleeve

(1) Select 【Sleeve Heating Mode】 in 【Functions Setting】menu to enter heating

mode, as shown in figure2-18. Heating mode function is shown in table 2-9.
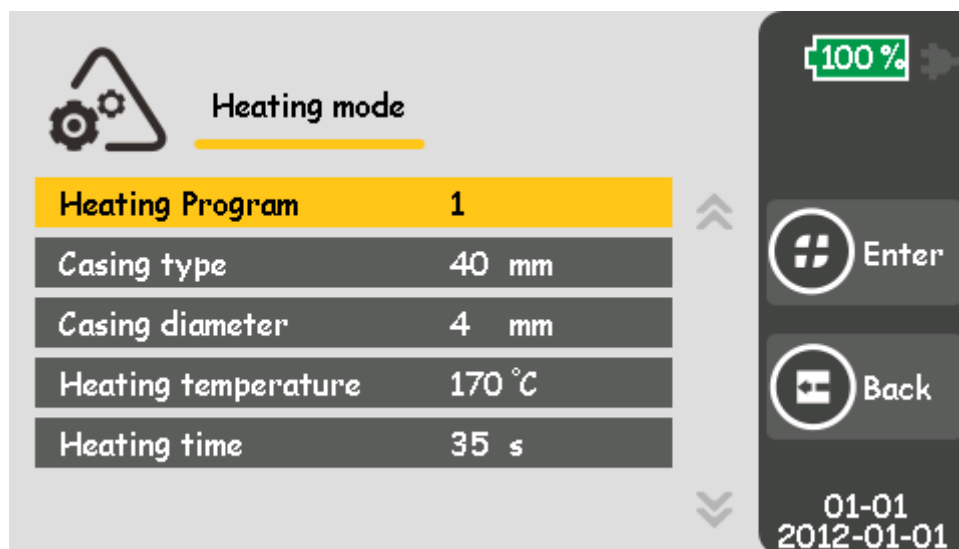
Figure 2-18 Heating Mode Menu

Table 2-9 Heating Mode Descriptions

Heating Mode	Descriptions
Heating Program	User can choose the preset heating program based on different protection sleeve or set the program himself
Sleeve Diameter	1-8mm
Sleeve Type	10-60mm ordinary sleeve, FC, SC
Heating temperature	Heating temperature upper limit
Heating time	Sleeve heating time

Attention: It is better to use preset heating parameters.

(2) Open the heater cover.

(3) Open the Windproof cover, carefully remove the spliced fiber (without clamp) and move protection sleeve to splice point while ensure splice point is at the center of protection sleeve.

(4) Place fiber with protection sleeve in sleeve heater, straighten the optic fiber lightly and make sure protection sleeve's left end is aligned with and heater slot's left end , as shown in figure 2-19.Then close heater cover.

Figure 2-19 Place Fiber with Protection Sleeve

(5) Select【Sleeve Heating Mode】and the heating parameters.(if it is the same with last time, you may skip this step)

(6) Enter the heating key " " to start heating. The heat indication light is on. Press heat shrinkage key " " in the process of heating, the heating will be canceled.

(7) When heating is completed, the heat indication light is off. Users need to immediately turn on the heater cover and remove the optical fiber, as shown in

Figure 2-22.(Note: Do not use your hand to touch the heated protection sleeve to prevent being burned.)

Figure 2-22 The Effect of Heating

(8)Check the finished sleeve, if it is qualified, place the sleeve in the cooling pans to let it cool down; if the finished sleeve has bubbles or dust inside, it is suggested to repeat the operation.

Chapter 3 Maintenance

3.1   Maintenance Menu
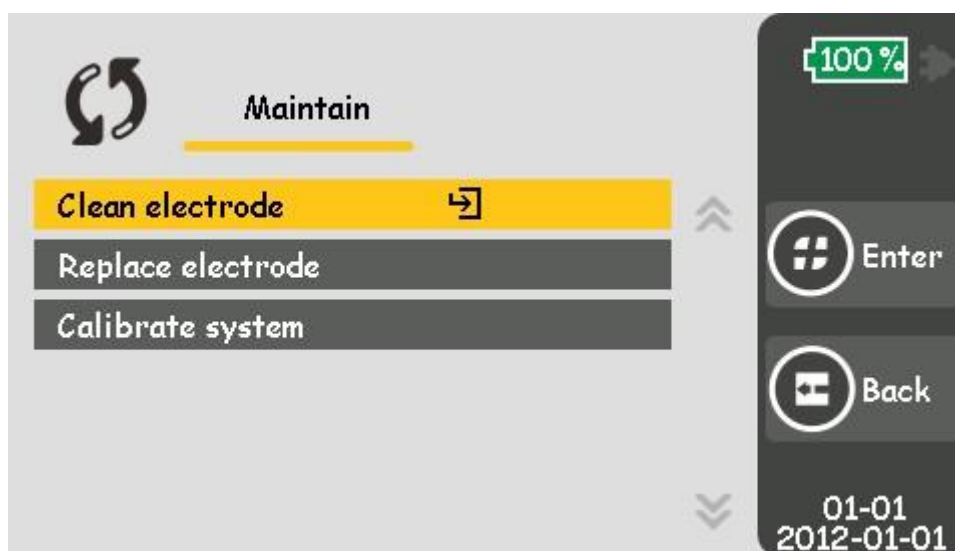
Figure 3-1 Maintenance Menu

Table 3-1 Maintenance Descriptions

Equipment Maintenance	Descriptions
Clean electrodes	Repeats short arc several times to clean the electrodes
Replace Electrodes	After replace electrodes, Repeats short arc several times to stabilize the electrodes and to measure the electrodes position
Calibrate System	Measures the electrodes position, motor and other system parameters

	automatically

3.2　Electrodes Maintenance

3.2.1　Clean Electrodes

The surface of the electrodes will attach impurities during daily use and affect the arc effect, hence users need to periodically clean the electrodes.

Cleaning Procedure:

(1) Press the power button "⏻" to turn off the device.

(2) Wipe the electrode tip with the cotton swab carefully.

Figure 3-2 Clean The Electrodes

(3) Press "⏻" to turn on the device and the power indication light will be on.

(4) Select 【Clean Electrodes】 in【Maintenance】Menu .

(5) Press startup key "▶", the device will arc five times automatically, using powerful arc current to vaporize the impurity on the electrodes surface to arc steadily and clean the electrodes.

Attention: Don't touch the electrode tips with hard object in the process of cleaning
to avoid damage to the electrodes.

3.2.2 Replace Electrodes

Electrodes depletes during its usage. Replace electrodes timely after they have
been arced 2000 times otherwise it will affect splice result of fiber which leads to
more loss and decrease fiber strength. When the number of arcs reaches 2,000, a
message reminding you to replace the electrodes is displayed when turn on the
device. The arc times should be cleared after replace the electrodes. The electrode's
tip is sharp, please take care during operation.

Replacement Procedure:

(1) Press " ⏻ " to turn off device before replacing.

(2) Loosen the screw located on electrode cover, then take electrode out of electrode
slot as shown in figure3-3.

Figure3-3 Electrodes-replace

(3) Put the new electrode into the electrode slot and install the electrode cover, then tighten the screw .

(4) Check whether the two electrodes are in the same horizontal plane and the vertical plane, if not reinstall.

(5) Turn on the device, choose【Replace Electrodes】in the【Maintenance】Menu.

(6) Execute【Calibrate System】in the【Maintenance】.

(7) Prepare and put fiber into the splicer, execute【Arc calibration】in the 【Functions Setting】Menu.

(8) Replacement completed.

3.2.3 Arc Calibration

Atmospheric conditions such as temperature, humidity, and pressure are constantly changing, which arises variability during the arc. This splicer is equipped with temperature, pressure and humidity sensors to monitor the operation environment to stabilize the arc power. Electrodes wear and dirtiness also affect arc power, and the center position of the arc sometimes shifts to the left or right. This splicer provides Arc calibration function to eliminate these effects. Based on the axis deviation of the splice joint before and after the arc to judge the arc force to realize low loss and stable splice.

When one of the following circumstances exists, Arc calibration must be executed before splice operation.

Table 3-2 Operations To different Conditions

Conditions	Operations
Fiber type changes	Perform【Arc calibration】
Temperature, humidity or pressure changes	Perform【Arc calibration】
Splice loss increases	Perform【Arc calibration】
Electrodes have been used for long time or stained	Perform【Arc calibration】
After cleaning or replacing electrodes	Perform【Arc calibration】

Operation Procedure:

(1) Select【Arc calibration】in the【Function Setting】Menu.

(2) Place cleaved fibers into the splicer.

(3) Press "" to start.

a) The system adjusts the center of fibers gap to arc center.

b) After arc, the system will measure the melt-back amounts of left and right fiber axises,　and calibrate the arc current.

(4) After arc, the result will be displayed on the screen. If the screen displays "Arc current too weak", "Arc current too powerful", repeat step (2) (3) again until the screen displays "Arc calibration successful".

(5) If the screen displays "Arc calibration failed", repeat step (1).

(6) After Arc calibration and splice position calibration complete, press "" to exit Arc calibration mode.

Attention:

a) Cleave Angle Limit is solely set under the Arc calibration mode, which is irrelevant with the one under splice mode.

b) Arc calibration often needs to be operated a couple of times, user should follow the steps patiently.

3.4 Cleaning of Fiber Fusion Splicer

3.4.1 Clean the V-groove

The presence of impurities in V-groove will make the fiber image deviate from the normal position, resulting in dis-alignment, causing more splice loss. So users should regularly check and clean V-groove, the specific process is as follows:

(1) Open the windproof cover of Fiber fusion splicer.

(2) Use the specific brush to clean the impurities in V groove bottom as shown in figure 3-4 (a).

(3) Please use the fine cotton swab dipped in alcohol to clean the bottom of the V-groove. as shown in Figure 3-4(b).

(a)	(b)

Figure 3-4 Clean the V-groove

Attention: Do not touch the electrode tip. When cleaning, do not overexert or using hard object (such as blades) to clean the V-groove in order to avoid damaging the V-groove, which can cause breakdown.

3.4.2 Clean the Microscope

Fiber Fusion Splicer use image processing system to observe the optical fiber. If the microscope lens get dirty, it will affect observations, leading to poor fusion splicer results. So the microscope lens should be cleaned regularly, to maintain the cleanliness of the lens. The specific process is as follows:

(1) Turn off the splicer power, and open windproof cover.

(2) Use cotton swab dipped in alcohol to gently wipe the lens, as shown in Figure 3-5.

(3) Then wipe the residual alcohol with clean, dry cotton swab, after that, check the microscope lens whether it is tidy.

(4) Turn on the power to observe whether there is dust on the image, if there is,

re-clean the lens.

Figure 3-5 Clean the Microscope

Attention: When cleaning, don't touch the electrodes, don't use hard objects to touch the lens.

3.4.3 Clean the Fiber Presser Foot

Dirt on optical fiber presser foot may cause fiber clamp problem and affect splice results. The presser foot should be checked and cleaned regularly. The steps are as follows:

(1) Open windproof cover.

(2) Use cotton swab dipped in alcohol to wipe the surface of the presser foot as shown in Figure 3-6. Then use dry cotton swab to dry the presser foot.

Figure 3-6　Clean the Fiber Presser Foot

3.4.4 Clean the Heater

The heater is easy to deposit dust and dirt, please clean the heating plate with a dry cotton swab regularly as shown in Figure 3-7.
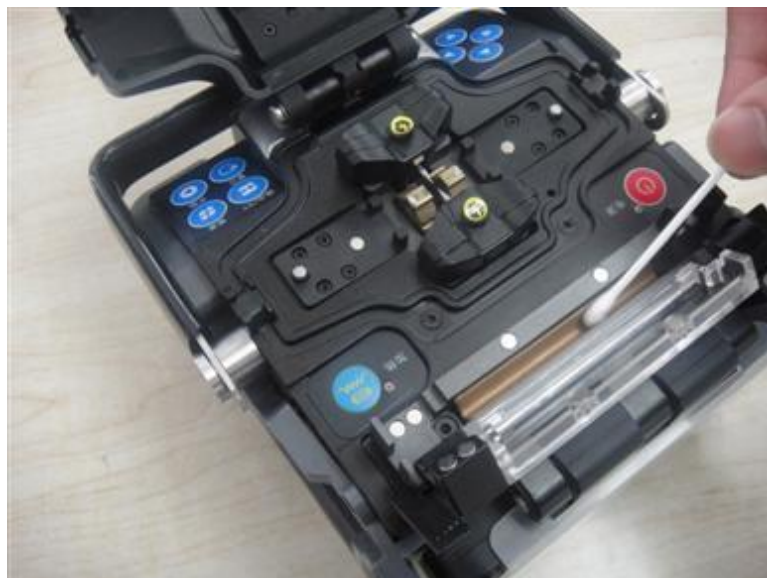
Figure 3-7　Clean the Heating Plate

Appendix 1 Warning Information

Warning information(English information is contained within the brackets)	Reason	Countermeasures
Incorrect placement of left fiber(LFPC)	(1) Left fiber is cleaved too short; (2) The part of left fiber put into V-groove is broken; (3) Left fiber is not put into the center of V-groove; (4) Left propulsion equipment is incorrectly connected	▌ In the case of 1 or 2, re-cleave left fiber and make sure the cleaved length is appropriate ▌ In the case of 3, replace left fiber ▌ If the breakdown do not match 1、2、3,do 【Calibrate System】, If the problem remains, please contact the aftersales service department
Right fiber placement is incorrect(RFPC)	(1) Right fiber is cleaved too short; (2) The part of Right fiber	Solutions refer to the above

	put into V-groove is broken; (3) Right fiber is not put into the center of V-groove; (4) Right propulsion equipment is incorrectly connected	
Left and Right fiber placement are incorrect(LRFPC)	The same as above	Solution refer to the above
Left fiber is unqualified(LFNQ)	(1) Left fiber surface is dusty; (2) Left fiber is cleaved poorly, such as core defect, cladding defect or fiber incompleteness	l In the case of 1, use alcohol to clean the left fiber l In the case of 2, remake fiber
Right fiber is unqualified (RFNQ)	(1) Right fiber surface is dusty; (2) Right fiber is cleaved poorly, such as core defect, cladding, defect, fiber incompleteness	Solution refer to the above

Right fiber is unqualified(LRFNQ)	The same as above	Solution refer to the above
Left fiber head face is unqualified(LFEANQ)	Left fiber head face angle exceeds limit	Re-cleave left fiber. If cutting quality is still poor after multiple trial , replace the blade （attention: in 【Menu】-> 【Splicing Mode】-> 【Surface Angle Threshold】, head face angle limit can be set)
Right fiber head face is unqualified(LRFEANQ)	Right fiber head face angle exceeds limit	Solution refer to the above
Left and Right fiber head face are unqualified(FANQ)	Left and Right fiber head face angle exceeds limit	Solution refer to the above

Estimated loss amount is too much	(1) splice loss exceeds limit; (2) The selected program do not match the fiber type	Clean v-groove, reoperate 【Arc calibration】 then splice again
Power is too insufficient	Current remaining battery less than 2%	Use power adapter to charge
Replace electrodes	Electrodes arc records exceed the limit	Replace electrodes(operate 【Replace Electrodes】, 【Calibrate system】)
Records exceed limit	Splice records exceed the limit	Use USB data cable to transmit the original splice records, then operate 【Delete Arc Records】

Alignment abnormity	(1) Fiber head face is dusty or head face is poor; (2) Windproof cover is pressed too tightly; (3) LED lamp brightness is inappropriate	Re-cleave and clean fiber, then try alignment. If problem still remains, operate【Calibrate System】 or restart the equipment.
Timeout abnormity	Alignment during splice process takes longer time	Restart alignment and fusion. Restart the equipment if the problem still remains
Field of view abnormity	(1) Electrodes placement is incorrect; (2) Equipment structure is damaged	Operate 【Calibrate System】, if the error still exists, reinstall electrode bars. if the problem remains, contact the aftersales service department
Data abnormity	The equipment is running in abnormal state	It does not affect the operation, continue alignment and splicing. Restart the equipment if

		the error still exists.
Light source abnormity	(1) LED lamp brightness is inappropriate; (2) Windproof cover is inappropriately placed	Operate 【Calibrate System】 firstly. If the problem remains, contact the aftersales service department
Detect abnormity	Abnormity in the process of 【Calibrate System】	Check the placement of fiber and wire connection. If the problem remains, contact the aftersales service department
Power abnormity	Battery is abnormally charged	Insert power adapter
Heating shrinkage abnormity	Sleeve heater can not operate normally	Restart equipment. If the problem remains, contact the aftersales service department
Store abnormity	Data could not be saved	contact the aftersales service department

Communicate abnormity	Data communication exists loss and loss	Restart equipment. If the problem remains, contact the aftersales service department
Image abnormity	The camera may be broken or connector interface is loose	Restart equipment. If the problem remains, contact the aftersales service department
Sensor abnormity	Inner sensor is broken	This abnormity does not affect normal operation. contact the aftersales service department for solution

Appendix 2 Problems and Troubleshooting

Abnormal phenomena	Reason	Countermeasures
arc sounds abnormally	Electrodes are incorrectly placed	Reinstall electrode strictly
arc delay or system could not arc	(1) Electrodes are incorrectly placed; (2) The electrode tip is wrapped by monox	(1) Reinstall electrode strictly; (2) Clean electrode tip or replace electrode
system crashes when arc	Electrodes are incorrectly placed	Reinstall electrodes strictly
Arc calibration failure	Environment affects arc greatly	If the system warns that arc current is too big, decrease splice current, then do 【Arc calibration】 and vice versa. If the problem remains, contact the aftersales service department

Optical fiber alignment error	(1) Microscope lens, LED lamp or V–groove is dusty; (2) Equipment power system is faulty	Clean the microscope lens, LED lamp and V –groove, if the problem remains, contact the aftersales service department
Fiber spliced joint's quality is poor	(1) Fiber is dusty; (2) The fiber type or fusion splice program selected is wrong; (3) Fusion splice environment changes greatly; (4) Control equipment is broken	(1) Re-make optical fiber, splice again; (2) Choose the right type of fiber and fusion splice program; (3) Operate【Arc calibration】to obtain the appropriate intensity of arc; (4) Operate【Calibrate System】
The keyboard has no response	System crashes	Turn off the power and restart
The screen has no light or blurry colors	(1) System crashes; (2) Wire of LCD monitor looses or is broken	Turn off the power and restart. If the problem remains, contact the aftersales service

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